Free pdf Selections from the smuts papers vol 4 november 1918 august 1919 [PDF]

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von lettow vorbeck and his shutztruppe using his penchant for boer maneuver warfare together with mounted infantry led and manned by boer republican veterans he proceeded to free the vast german territory from lettow vorbeck s grip often leading from the front his operational concepts were an enigma to the british under his command remaining so to modern day historians although unable to bring the elusive and wily lettow vorbeck to a final decisive battle smuts conquered most of the territory by the end of his tenure in february 1917 general jan smuts and his first world war in africa makes use of multiple archival sources and the official accounts of all the participants to provide a long overdue reassessment of smuts significant and his role in furthering the strategic aims of south africa and the british empire in africa during world war i for over two centuries liberal apologists for empire in britain and america have been plagued by the contradictions between political liberalism and the exclusive anti democratic and violent practices of imperialism contradictions that become particularly obvious during periods of perceived imperial crisis this book interrogates the complicated rhetoric of several pro imperial public intellectuals from both the late british empire and contemporary america two eras marked by intense anxiety about decline this is a book about irish nationalism and how irish nationalists developed their own conception of the irish race with an exploration of the discourse of race this book focuses on how english observers constructed the native and catholic irish as uncivilized and savage and on the racialization of the irish in the nineteenth century especially in britain and the united states where irish immigrants were often portrayed in terms that had been applied mainly to enslaved africans and their descendants a rich study of the role of personal

psychology in the shaping of the new global order after world war i so long as so much political power is concentrated in one human mind we are all at the mercy of the next madman in the white house gary j bass author of the blood telegram the notorious psychobiography of woodrow wilson rediscovered nearly a century after it was written by sigmund freud and us diplomat william c bullitt sheds new light on how the mental health of a controversial american president shaped world events when the fate of millions rests on the decisions of a mentally compromised leader what can one person do disillusioned by president woodrow wilson's destructive and irrational handling of the 1919 treaty of versailles a us diplomat named william c bullitt asked this very question with the help of his friend sigmund freud bullitt set out to write a psychological analysis of the president he gathered material from personal archives and interviewed members of wilson s inner circle in the madman in the white house patrick weil resurrects this forgotten portrait of a troubled president after two years of collaboration bullitt and freud signed off on a manuscript in april 1932 but the book was not published until 1966 nearly thirty years after freud s death and only months before bullitt s the published edition was heavily redacted and by the time it was released the mystique of psychoanalysis had waned in popular culture and wilson s legacy was unassailable the psychological study was panned by critics and freud s descendants denied his involvement in the project for nearly a century the mysterious original bullitt and freud manuscript remained hidden from the public then in 2014 while browsing the archives of vale university weil happened upon the text based on his reading of the 1932 manuscript weil examines the significance of bullitt and freud s findings and offers a major reassessment of the notorious psychobiography the result is a powerful warning about the influence a single unbalanced personality can have on the course of history from 1896 to 1924 motivated by fears of an irresistible wave of asian migration and the possibility that whites might be ousted from their position of global domination british colonists and white americans instituted stringent legislative controls on chinese japanese and south asian immigration historians of these efforts typically stress similarity and collaboration between these movements but in this compelling study david c atkinson highlights the differences in these campaigns and argues that the main factor unifying these otherwise distinctive drives was the constant tensions they caused drawing on documentary evidence from the united states great britain australia canada south africa and new zealand atkinson traces how these exclusionary regimes drew inspiration from similar racial economic and strategic anxieties but nevertheless developed idiosyncratically in the first decades of the twentieth century arguing that the so called white man s burden was often white supremacy itself atkinson demonstrates how the tenets of absolute exclusion meant to foster white racial political and economic supremacy only inflamed dangerous tensions that threatened to undermine the british empire american foreign relations and the new framework of international cooperation that followed the first world war includes bibliographical references and index why did the british win the anglo boer war although there is truth in the simple statement that they were much stronger than the boers it does not explain everything therefore the main focus of this book is to analyse the most important strategic and operational decisions made on both sides and to measure them according to accepted modern military theory it is shown that both the british and boer war efforts were very haphazard at the beginning but that both learnt as the war went on in the end the british got the boers in a vice from which they could not escape

Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 6, December 1934-August 1945 1973

volumes v vi and vii complete the series of selections from the smuts papers volume vi looks at the second world war and the uno

The Smuts Papers 1956

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Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 1, June 1886-May 1902 1966-01-02

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Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 5, September 1919-November 1934 1966

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Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 1, June 1886-May 1902 2007-04-05

the first four volumes of selections from the smuts papers cover the period 1886 1919 this volume takes us from the boer war to the union of south africa

Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 2, June 1902-May 1910 2007-04-05

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Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 4, November 1918-

August 1919 2007-04-05

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Selections from the Smuts Papers: December 1934-August 1945 1966

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Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume VII, August 1945-October 1950 1973-09-20

for over two centuries liberal apologists for empire in britain and america have been plagued by the contradictions between political liberalism and the exclusive anti democratic and violent practices of imperialism contradictions that become particularly obvious during periods of perceived imperial crisis this book interrogates the complicated rhetoric of several pro imperial public intellectuals from both the late british empire and contemporary america two eras marked by intense anxiety about decline

Selections from the Smuts Papers 1973

this is a book about irish nationalism and how irish nationalists developed their own conception of the irish race with an exploration of the discourse of race this book focuses on how english observers constructed the native and catholic irish as uncivilized and savage and on the racialization of the irish in the nineteenth century especially in britain and the united states where irish immigrants were often portrayed in terms that had been applied mainly to enslaved africans and their descendants

Selections from the Smuts Papers ... 1966

a rich study of the role of personal psychology in the shaping of the new global order after world war i so long as so much political power is concentrated in one human mind we are all at the mercy of the next madman in the white house gary j bass author of the blood telegram the notorious psychobiography of woodrow wilson rediscovered nearly a century after it was written by sigmund freud and us diplomat william c bullitt sheds new light on how the mental health of a controversial american president shaped world events when the fate of millions rests on the decisions of a mentally compromised leader what can one person do disillusioned by president woodrow wilson s destructive and irrational handling of the 1919 treaty of versailles a us diplomat named william c bullitt asked this very question with the help of his friend sigmund freud bullitt set out to write a psychological analysis of the president he gathered material from personal archives and interviewed members of wilson s inner circle in the madman in the white house patrick weil resurrects this forgotten portrait of a troubled president after two years of collaboration bullitt and freud signed off on a manuscript in april 1932 but the book was not published until 1966 nearly thirty years after freud s death and only months before bullitt s the published edition was heavily redacted and by the time it was released the mystique of psychoanalysis had waned in popular culture and wilson's legacy was unassailable the psychological study was panned by critics and freud s descendants denied his involvement in the project for nearly a century the mysterious original bullitt and freud manuscript remained hidden from the public then in 2014 while browsing the archives of yale university weil happened upon the text based on his reading of the 1932 manuscript weil examines the significance of bullitt and freud s findings and offers a major reassessment of the notorious psychobiography the result is a powerful warning about the influence a single unbalanced personality can have on the course of history

Selections from the Smuts Papers... 1966

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twentieth century arguing that the so called white man s burden was often white supremacy itself atkinson demonstrates how the tenets of absolute exclusion meant to foster white racial political and economic supremacy only inflamed dangerous tensions that threatened to undermine the british empire american foreign relations and the new framework of international cooperation that followed the first world war

Selections from the Smuts Papers 1966

includes bibliographical references and index

Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 3, June 1910-November 1918 1966-01-02

why did the british win the anglo boer war although there is truth in the simple statement that they were much stronger than the boers it does not explain everything therefore the main focus of this book is to analyse the most important strategic and operational decisions made on both sides and to measure them according to accepted modern military theory it is shown that both the british and boer war efforts were very haphazard at the beginning but that both learnt as the war went on in the end the british got the boers in a vice from which they could not escape

Selections from the Smuts Papers 1973

Selections from the Smuts Papers: June 1886-May 1902 1966

Selections from the Smuts Papers... 1966

Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume VII, August 1945-October 1950 2007-04-05

Selections from the Smuts Papers: August 1945-October 1950 1966

Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 6, December 1934-August 1945 2007-04-05

Selections from the Smuts Papers: Volume 5, September 1919-November 1934 2007-04-05

Selections from the Smuts Papers: November 1918-August 1919 1966

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