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policy and global security provides the essential aspects and a myriad of issues of great relevance to our world such as processes of peace and security international security peace development and environment security threats challenges vulnerability and risks sustainable food and water security world economic order this 11 volume set contains several chapters each of size 5000 30000 words with perspectives issues on peace studies public policy and global security these volumes are aimed at the following five major target audiences university and college students educators professional practitioners research personnel and policy analysts managers and decision makers and ngos for more than a century no us adversary or coalition of adversaries not nazi germany imperial japan or the soviet union has ever reached sixty percent of us gdp china is the sole exception and it is fast emerging into a global superpower that could rival if not eclipse the united states what does china want does it have a grand strategy to achieve it and what should the united states do about it in the long game rush doshi draws from a rich base of chinese primary sources including decades worth of party documents leaked materials memoirs by party leaders and a careful analysis of china s conduct to provide a history of china s grand strategy since the end of the cold war taking readers behind the party s closed doors he uncovers beijing s long methodical game to displace america from its hegemonic position in both the east asia regional and global orders through three sequential strategies of displacement beginning in the 1980s china focused for two decades on hiding capabilities and biding time after the 2008 global financial crisis it became more assertive regionally following a policy of actively accomplishing something finally in the aftermath populist elections of 2016 china shifted to an even more aggressive strategy for undermining us hegemony adopting the phrase great changes unseen in century after charting how china s long game has evolved doshi offers a comprehensive yet asymmetric plan for an effective us response ironically his proposed approach takes a page from beijing s own strategic playbook to undermine china s ambitions and strengthen american order without competing dollar for dollar ship for ship or loan for loan why do some autocratic leaders pursue aggressive or expansionist foreign policies while others are much more cautious in their use of military force the first book to focus systematically on the foreign policy of different types of authoritarian regimes dictators at war and peace breaks new ground in our understanding of the international behavior of dictators jessica l p weeks explains why certain kinds of regimes are less likely to resort to war than others why some are more likely to win the wars they start and why some authoritarian leaders face domestic punishment for foreign policy failures whereas others can weather all but the most serious military defeat using novel cross national data weeks looks at various nondemocratic regimes including those of saddam hussein and joseph stalin the argentine junta at the time of the falklands war the military government in japan before and during world war ii and the north vietnamese communist regime she finds that the differences in the conflict behavior of distinct kinds of autocracies are as great as those between democracies and dictatorships indeed some types of autocracies are no more belligerent or reckless than democracies casting doubt on the common view that democracies are more selective about war than autocracies the circle of knowledge is an informative book that was designed in 1917 to be both inspiring and entertaining the book represents the modern progressive spirit which fits that time in its forms of expression and its editorship the purpose of this work is to answer the why who what when where how of the wide majority of curious minds both young and adult and encourage them to raise further questions special measures were taken in creating this work to isolate essentials from non essentials to differentiate human interest subjects of universal significance from those of little concern to deliver living truths instead of dead vocabulary and finally to bring the whole within the knowledge of the intermediate reader without regard to age in an acceptable and exciting form the use of visual outlines and tables maps drawings and diagrams the illustrated works of great painters sculptors and architects all are used to give the reader the valuable and cultural knowledge of past and present war is a man s game or so goes the saying whether this is true or not patriarchal capitalism is certainly one of the driving forces behind war in the modern era so can we end war with feminism this book argues that this is possible and is in fact already happening each chapter provides a solution to war using innovative examples of how feminist and queer theory and practice inform pacifist treaties movements and methods from the international to the domestic spheres the contributors propose a range of solutions that include arms

abolition centring indigenous knowledge economic restructuring and transforming how we count civilian deaths ending war requires challenging complex structures but the solutions found in this edition have risen to this challenge by thinking beyond the violence of the capitalist patriarchy this book makes the powerful case that the possibility of life without war is real this is a first edition core text for freshman sophomore level courses on international relations the second largest course market in political science introduction to international politics courses typically have multiple goals on the one hand instructors seek to introduce students to the discipline through readings and discussions of foundational theoretical perspectives and ongoing debates on the other hand instructors seek to help students become informed participants in policy debates about foreign policy and international politics issues by highlighting pressing contemporary issues effectively addressing both concerns requires more than simply including both topics in the course syllabus or in a textbook it requires making systematic linkages between theory and policy this is a long standing challenge in international politics one raised many years ago by alexander george in bridging the gap in which he called for greater communication between academic scholars and practitioners this text seeks to link theory and policy in an organized and efficient fashion that does not ignore or slight the conceptual discussion of international relations or simply chase newspaper headlines chapters are organized around global challenges and policy responses the challenges are presented as concrete policy problems relevant to the theme of the chapter the discussion of responses emphasize concrete actions being taken or proposed by international organizations the foreign policies of key states international agreements and actions taken by ngos theoretical insights are used to help students understand challenges think about solutions and learn from the past since the end of world war ii protests against u s military base and related policies have occurred in several asian host countries how much influence have these protests had on the p olicy regarding u s military bases what conditions make protests more likely to influence policy protests against u s military base policy in asia answers these questions by examining state response to twelve major protests in asia since the end of world war ii in the philippines okinawa and south korea yuko kawato lays out the conditions under which protesters normative arguments can and cannot persuade policy makers to change base policy and how protests can still generate some political or military incentives for policy makers to adjust policy when persuasion fails kawato also shows that when policy makers decide not to change policy they can offer symbolic concessions to appear norm abiding and to secure a smoother implementation of policies that protesters oppose while the findings will be of considerable interest to academics and students perhaps their largest impact will be on policy makers and activists for whom kawato offers recommendations for their future decision making and actions the us led coalition which launched an invasion of iraq on 20 march 2003 led to a decade long military presence in the country in the run up to that invasion many comparisons were made with the 1991 gulf war ahmed ijas malik takes these two instances of military intervention by republican us governments to highlight how the official discourse of leaders and decision makers has an impact on foreign policy and its results by taking these two examples he examines how discourse affects real events and the extent to which the legacy of the cold war has influenced the decisions which are made at the upper echelons of the us government us foreign policy and the gulf wars critically analyses the post cold war liberal cosmopolitan and realist discourses related to these two instances of us military intervention using an approach which malik labels critical realism this book examines the ways in which discourses often act as ideological covers for material interests whilst still not holding a deterministic view whereby these interests alone shape policies from this perspective this book assesses the themes of just war humanitarianism and cosmopolitanism it furthermore uses the approach of critical realism to engage with a variety of arguments on the emerging role of the us as they were displayed in academic discourses and other intellectual contributions around each of the 1991 and 2003 wars malik relates these discussions to an analysis of the official discourses documents and policies displayed prior to the 1991 and 2003 wars as well as to an examination of the resulting actual conduct since the implications of the us military presence in the middle east are so central to the study of international relations and security studies this book will be invaluable for specialists in these disciplines as well as for those interested in policy formation and the wider middle east are you struggling to meet your coursework deadlines finding it hard to get to grips

with your essay topics does your writing sometimes lack structure and style would you like to improve your grades this text covers everything a student needs to know about writing essays and papers in the humanities and social sciences starting from the common difficulties students face it gives practical examples of all the stages necessary to produce a good piece of academic work interpreting assignment topics drawing on your own experience and background reading analytically and taking efficient notes developing your argument through introductions middles and conclusions evaluating and using online resources understanding the conventions of academic culture honing your ideas into clear vigorous english this book will provide you with all the tools and insights you need to write confident convincing essays and coursework papers considers 75 h j res 147 75 h j res 242 this book examines how strategic narratives are produced deployed and legitimized to enable the capture of the geostrategic discursive space during times of war fighting failure using case studies it examines the key actors and the deployment of key analogies that produce a narrative to overcome fragmentation during times of crisis most wars between countries end quickly and at relatively low cost the few in which high intensity fighting continues for years bring about a disproportionate amount of death and suffering what separates these few unusually long and intense wars from the many conflicts that are far less destructive in logics of war alex weisiger tests three explanations for a nation s decision to go to war and continue fighting regardless of the costs he combines sharp statistical analysis of interstate wars over the past two centuries with nine narrative case studies he examines both well known conflicts like world war ii and the persian gulf war as well as unfamiliar ones such as the 1864 1870 paraguayan war or the war of the triple alliance which proportionally caused more deaths than any other war in modern history when leaders go to war expecting easy victory events usually correct their misperceptions quickly and with fairly low casualties thereby setting the stage for a negotiated agreement a second explanation involves motives born of domestic politics as war becomes more intense however leaders are increasingly constrained in their ability to continue the fighting particularly destructive wars instead arise from mistrust of an opponent s intentions countries that launch preventive wars to forestall expected decline tend to have particularly ambitious war aims that they hold to even when fighting goes poorly moreover in some cases their opponents interpret the preventive attack as evidence of a dispositional commitment to aggression resulting in the rejection of any form of negotiation and a demand for unconditional surrender weisiger s treatment of a topic of central concern to scholars of major wars will also be read with great interest by military historians political psychologists and sociologists this book examines the use of military force as a coercive tool by the united states using lessons drawn from the post cold war era 1991 2018 the volume reveals that despite its status as sole superpower during the post cold war period us efforts to coerce other states failed as often as they succeeded in the coming decades the united states will face states that are more capable and creative willing to challenge its interests and able to take advantage of missteps and vulnerabilities by using lessons derived from in depth case studies and statistical analysis of an original dataset of more than 100 coercive incidents in the post cold war era this book generates insight into how the us military can be used to achieve policy goals specifically it provides guidance about the ways in which and the conditions under which the us armed forces can work in concert with economic and diplomatic elements of us power to create effective coercive strategies this book will be of interest to students of us national security us foreign policy strategic studies and international relations in general is peace an aberration the new york times bestselling author of paris 1919 offers a provocative view of war as an essential component of humanity named one of the ten best books of the year by the new york times book review margaret macmillan has produced another seminal work she is right that we must more than ever think about war and she has shown us how in this brilliant elegantly written book h r mcmaster author of dereliction of duty and battlegrounds the fight to defend the free world the instinct to fight may be innate in human nature but war organized violence comes with organized society war has shaped humanity s history its social and political institutions its values and ideas our very language our public spaces our private memories and some of our greatest cultural treasures reflect the glory and the misery of war war is an uncomfortable and challenging subject not least because it brings out both the vilest and the noblest aspects of humanity margaret macmillan looks at the ways in which war has influenced human society and how in turn changes in political

organization technology or ideologies have affected how and why we fight war how conflict shaped us explores such much debated and controversial questions as when did war first start does human nature doom us to fight one another why has war been described as the most organized of all human activities why are warriors almost always men is war ever within our control drawing on lessons from wars throughout the past from classical history to the present day macmillan reveals the many faces of war the way it has determined our past our future our views of the world and our very conception of ourselves the oxford handbook of australian politics is a comprehensive collection that considers australia s distinctive politics both ancient and modern at all levels and across many themes it examines the factors that make australian politics unique and interesting while firmly placing these in the context of the nation s indigenous and imported heritage and global engagement the book presents an account of australian politics that recognizes and celebrates its inherent diversity by taking a thematic approach in six parts the first theme addresses australia s unique inheritances examining the development of its political culture in relation to the arrival of british colonists and their conflicts with first nations peoples as well as the resulting geopolitics the second theme improvization focuses on australia s political institutions and how they have evolved place making is then considered to assess how geography distance indigenous presence and migration shape australian politics recurrent dilemmas centres on a range of complex political problems and their influence on contemporary political practice politics policy and public administration covers how australia has been a world leader in some respects and a laggard in others when dealing with important policy challenges the final theme studying australian politics introduces some key areas in the study of australian politics and identifies the strengths and shortcomings of the discipline the oxford handbook of australian politics is an opportunity for others to consider the nation s unique politics from the perspective of leading and emerging scholars and to gain a strong sense of its imperfections its enduring challenges and its strengths this innovative argument shows the consequences of increased aversion to international war for foreign and military policy in this path breaking book the author argues that european countries political economic policies practices and discourses have changed profoundly in response to globalization and europeanization but they have not converged although national policies may now be more similar especially where they follow from common european policies they are not the same national practices although moving in the same general direction toward greater market orientation continue to be differentiable into not just one or even two but three varieties of capitalism and national discourses that generate and legitimate changes in policies and practices not only remain distinct they matter the book is a tour de force which combines sophisticated theoretical insights and innovative methods to show that european countries generally but in particular britain france and germany for which the book provides lengthy case studies have had very different experiences of economic adjustment and will continue to do so into the future one of the most contentious issues in contemporary foreign policy especially in the united states is the use of military force to intervene in the domestic affairs of other states some military interventions explicitly try to transform the domestic institutions of the states they target others do not instead attempting only to reverse foreign policies or resolve disputes without trying to reshape the internal landscape of the target state in leaders at war elizabeth n saunders provides a framework for understanding when and why great powers seek to transform foreign institutions and societies through military interventions she highlights a crucial but often overlooked factor in international relations the role of individual leaders saunders argues that leaders threat perceptions specifically whether they believe that threats ultimately originate from the internal characteristics of other states influence both the decision to intervene and the choice of intervention strategy these perceptions affect the degree to which leaders use intervention to remake the domestic institutions of target states using archival and historical sources saunders concentrates on u s military interventions during the cold war focusing on the presidencies of eisenhower kennedy and johnson after demonstrating the importance of leaders in this period she also explores the theory s applicability to other historical and contemporary settings including the post cold war period and the war in iraq to explore what extended competition between the united states and china might entail out to 2050 the authors of this report identified and characterized china s grand strategy analyzed its component national strategies diplomacy economics science and technology and military affairs and

assessed how successful china might be at implementing these over the next three decades most people try to avoid office politics at all costs seeing them as unpleasant unfair unethical and an unnecessary distraction from their real work if you don t do politics politics will do you will open your eyes to the fundamentals you didn t know you need to know the fundamentals no one ever teaches you including what office politics actually are and how being politically intelligent is the single biggest determinant of your personal and professional success drawing on her own experiences as an executive together with insights from some of the leading business thinkers of our time in this personal practical and frank book niven postma will show you it is possible to play politics without sacrificing your principles and teach you how to use politics to advance your career benefit your team and build the organisation you are part of niven postma will help you to understand why workplace politics are inevitable and how you can navigate office politics in order to be both useful and successful liz wiseman new york times bestselling author of multipliers and rookie smarts

On War 2023-08-22

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Two Thousand Questions and Answers about the War 1918

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Two Thousand Questions and Answers about the War: a Catechism of the Methods of Fighting, Travelling, and Living; of the Armies, Navies, and Air Fleet 2020-01-20

this unique volume offers a definitive new history of european economies at war from 1914 to 1918 it studies how european economies mobilised for war how existing economic institutions stood up under the strain how economic development influenced outcomes and how wartime experience influenced post war economic growth leading international experts provide the first systematic comparison of economies at war between 1914 and 1918 based on the best available data for britain germany france russia the usa italy turkey austria hungary and the netherlands the editors overview draws some stark lessons about the role of economic development the importance of markets and the damage done by nationalism and protectionism a companion volume to the acclaimed the economics of world war ii this is a major contribution to our understanding of total war

Two Thousand Questions and Answers about the War 2016-05-18

inside secure command centers military officials make life and death decisions but the pentagon also offers food courts banks drugstores florists and chocolate shops it is rather symbolic of the way that the u s military has become our one stop shopping solution to global problems brooks traces this seismic shift in how america wages war and provides a rallying cry for action as we undermine the values and rules that keep our world from sliding toward chaos

Questions and Answers on the Second Seamen's War Risk

Policy, Providing War Risk Insurance for Members of the American Merchant Marine 1943

why do some democracies reflect their citizens foreign policy preferences better than others what roles do the media political parties and the electoral system play in a democracy's decision to join or avoid a war war and democratic constraint shows that the key to how a government determines foreign policy rests on the transmission and availability of information citizens successfully hold their democratic governments accountable and a distinctive foreign policy emerges when two vital institutions a diverse and independent political opposition and a robust media are present to make timely information accessible matthew baum and philip potter demonstrate that there must first be a politically potent opposition that can blow the whistle when a leader missteps this counteracts leaders incentives to obscure and misrepresent second healthy media institutions must be in place and widely accessible in order to relay information from whistle blowers to the public baum and potter explore this communication mechanism during three different phases of international conflicts when states initiate wars when they respond to challenges from other states or when they join preexisting groups of actors engaged in conflicts examining recent wars including those in afghanistan and iraq war and democratic constraint links domestic politics and mass media to international relations in a brand new way

The Economics of World War I 2005-09-29

rofessor gilpin uses history sociology and economic theory to identify the forces causing change in the world order

How Everything Became War and the Military Became Everything 2016-08-09

peace studies public policy and global security is a component of encyclopedia of social sciences and humanities in the global encyclopedia of life support systems eolss which is an integrated compendium of twenty one encyclopedias the theme on peace studies public policy and global security provides the essential aspects and a myriad of issues of great relevance to our world such as processes of peace and security international security peace development and environment security threats challenges vulnerability and risks sustainable food and water security world economic order this 11 volume set contains several chapters each of size 5000 30000 words with perspectives issues on peace studies public policy and global security these volumes are aimed at the following five major target audiences university and college students educators professional practitioners research personnel and policy analysts managers and decision makers and ngos

War and Democratic Constraint 2015-04-27

for more than a century no us adversary or coalition of adversaries not nazi germany imperial japan or the soviet union has ever reached sixty percent of us gdp china is the sole exception and it is fast emerging into a global superpower that could rival if not eclipse the united states what does china want does it have a grand strategy to achieve it and what should the united states do about it in the long game rush doshi draws from a rich base of chinese primary sources including decades worth of party documents leaked materials memoirs by party leaders and a careful analysis of china's conduct to provide a history of china's grand strategy since the end of the cold war taking readers behind the party's closed doors he uncovers beijing's long methodical game to displace america from its hegemonic position in both the east asia regional and global orders through three sequential strategies of displacement beginning in the 1980s china focused for two decades on hiding capabilities and

biding time after the 2008 global financial crisis it became more assertive regionally following a policy of actively accomplishing something finally in the aftermath populist elections of 2016 china shifted to an even more aggressive strategy for undermining us hegemony adopting the phrase great changes unseen in century after charting how china s long game has evolved doshi offers a comprehensive yet asymmetric plan for an effective us response ironically his proposed approach takes a page from beijing s own strategic playbook to undermine china s ambitions and strengthen american order without competing dollar for dollar ship for ship or loan for loan

Congressional Record 1959

why do some autocratic leaders pursue aggressive or expansionist foreign policies while others are much more cautious in their use of military force the first book to focus systematically on the foreign policy of different types of authoritarian regimes dictators at war and peace breaks new ground in our understanding of the international behavior of dictators jessica l p weeks explains why certain kinds of regimes are less likely to resort to war than others why some are more likely to win the wars they start and why some authoritarian leaders face domestic punishment for foreign policy failures whereas others can weather all but the most serious military defeat using novel cross national data weeks looks at various nondemocratic regimes including those of saddam hussein and joseph stalin the argentine junta at the time of the falklands war the military government in japan before and during world war ii and the north vietnamese communist regime she finds that the differences in the conflict behavior of distinct kinds of autocracies are as great as those between democracies and dictatorships indeed some types of autocracies are no more belligerent or reckless than democracies casting doubt on the common view that democracies are more selective about war than autocracies

War and Change in World Politics 1981

the circle of knowledge is an informative book that was designed in 1917 to be both inspiring and entertaining the book represents the modern progressive spirit which fits that time in its forms of expression and its editorship the purpose of this work is to answer the why who what when where how of the wide majority of curious minds both young and adult and encourage them to raise further questions special measures were taken in creating this work to isolate essentials from non essentials to differentiate human interest subjects of universal significance from those of little concern to deliver living truths instead of dead vocabulary and finally to bring the whole within the knowledge of the intermediate reader without regard to age in an acceptable and exciting form the use of visual outlines and tables maps drawings and diagrams the illustrated works of great painters sculptors and architects all are used to give the reader the valuable and cultural knowledge of past and present

PEACE STUDIES, PUBLIC POLICY AND GLOBAL SECURITY - Volume II 2010-07-24

war is a man s game or so goes the saying whether this is true or not patriarchal capitalism is certainly one of the driving forces behind war in the modern era so can we end war with feminism this book argues that this is possible and is in fact already happening each chapter provides a solution to war using innovative examples of how feminist and queer theory and practice inform pacifist treaties movements and methods from the international to the domestic spheres the contributors propose a range of solutions that include arms abolition centring indigenous knowledge economic restructuring and transforming how we count civilian deaths ending war requires challenging complex structures but the solutions found in this edition have risen to this challenge by thinking beyond the violence of the capitalist patriarchy this book makes the powerful case that the possibility of life without war is real

The Long Game 2021-06-11

this is a first edition core text for freshman sophomore level courses on international relations the second largest course market in political science introduction to international politics courses typically have multiple goals on the one hand instructors seek to introduce students to the discipline through readings and discussions of foundational theoretical perspectives and ongoing debates on the other hand instructors seek to help students become informed participants in policy debates about foreign policy and international politics issues by highlighting pressing contemporary issues effectively addressing both concerns requires more than simply including both topics in the course syllabus or in a textbook it requires making systematic linkages between theory and policy this is a long standing challenge in international politics one raised many years ago by alexander george in bridging the gap in which he called for greater communication between academic scholars and practitioners this text seeks to link theory and policy in an organized and efficient fashion that does not ignore or slight the conceptual discussion of international relations or simply chase newspaper headlines chapters are organized around global challenges and policy responses the challenges are presented as concrete policy problems relevant to the theme of the chapter the discussion of responses emphasize concrete actions being taken or proposed by international organizations the foreign policies of key states international agreements and actions taken by ngos theoretical insights are used to help students understand challenges think about solutions and learn from the past

Dictators at War and Peace 2014-09-08

since the end of world war ii protests against u s military base and related policies have occurred in several asian host countries how much influence have these protests had on the policy regarding u s military bases what conditions make protests more likely to influence policy protests against u s military base policy in asia answers these questions by examining state response to twelve major protests in asia since the end of world war ii in the philippines okinawa and south korea yuko kawato lays out the conditions under which protesters normative arguments can and cannot persuade policy makers to change base policy and how protests can still generate some political or military incentives for policy makers to adjust policy when persuasion fails kawato also shows that when policy makers decide not to change policy they can offer symbolic concessions to appear norm abiding and to secure a smoother implementation of policies that protesters oppose while the findings will be of considerable interest to academics and students perhaps their largest impact will be on policy makers and activists for whom kawato offers recommendations for their future decision making and actions

The Circle of Knowledge: A Classified, Simplified, Visualized Book of Answers 2022-06-02

the us led coalition which launched an invasion of iraq on 20 march 2003 led to a decade long military presence in the country in the run up to that invasion many comparisons were made with the 1991 gulf war ahmed ijaz malik takes these two instances of military intervention by republican us governments to highlight how the official discourse of leaders and decision makers has an impact on foreign policy and its results by taking these two examples he examines how discourse affects real events and the extent to which the legacy of the cold war has influenced the decisions which are made at the upper echelons of the us government us foreign policy and the gulf wars critically analyses the post cold war liberal cosmopolitan and realist discourses related to these two instances of us military intervention using an approach which malik labels critical realism this book examines the ways in which discourses often act as ideological covers for material interests whilst still not holding a deterministic view whereby these interests alone shape policies from this perspective this book assesses the themes of just war humanitarianism and cosmopolitanism it furthermore uses the approach of critical realism to engage with a variety of arguments on the emerging role of the us as they were displayed in academic

discourses and other intellectual contributions around each of the 1991 and 2003 wars malik relates these discussions to an analysis of the official discourses documents and policies displayed prior to the 1991 and 2003 wars as well as to an examination of the resulting actual conduct since the implications of the us military presence in the middle east are so central to the study of international relations and security studies this book will be invaluable for specialists in these disciplines as well as for those interested in policy formation and the wider middle east

Feminist Solutions for Ending War 2021

are you struggling to meet your coursework deadlines finding it hard to get to grips with your essay topics does your writing sometimes lack structure and style would you like to improve your grades this text covers everything a student needs to know about writing essays and papers in the humanities and social sciences starting from the common difficulties students face it gives practical examples of all the stages necessary to produce a good piece of academic work interpreting assignment topics drawing on your own experience and background reading analytically and taking efficient notes developing your argument through introductions middles and conclusions evaluating and using online resources understanding the conventions of academic culture honing your ideas into clear vigorous english this book will provide you with all the tools and insights you need to write confident convincing essays and coursework papers

Introduction to International Politics 2019-08-19

considers 75 h j res 147 75 h j res 242

Protests Against U.S. Military Base Policy in Asia 2015-04-08

this book examines how strategic narratives are produced deployed and legitimized to enable the capture of the geostrategic discursive space during times of war fighting failure using case studies it examines the key actors and the deployment of key analogies that produce a narrative to overcome fragmentation during times of crisis

US Foreign Policy and the Gulf Wars 2014-12-09

most wars between countries end quickly and at relatively low cost the few in which high intensity fighting continues for years bring about a disproportionate amount of death and suffering what separates these few unusually long and intense wars from the many conflicts that are far less destructive in logics of war alex weisiger tests three explanations for a nation s decision to go to war and continue fighting regardless of the costs he combines sharp statistical analysis of interstate wars over the past two centuries with nine narrative case studies he examines both well known conflicts like world war ii and the persian gulf war as well as unfamiliar ones such as the 1864 1870 paraguayan war or the war of the triple alliance which proportionally caused more deaths than any other war in modern history when leaders go to war expecting easy victory events usually correct their misperceptions quickly and with fairly low casualties thereby setting the stage for a negotiated agreement a second explanation involves motives born of domestic politics as war becomes more intense however leaders are increasingly constrained in their ability to continue the fighting particularly destructive wars instead arise from mistrust of an opponent s intentions countries that launch preventive wars to forestall expected decline tend to have particularly ambitious war aims that they hold to even when fighting goes poorly moreover in some cases their opponents interpret the preventive attack as evidence of a dispositional commitment to aggression resulting in the rejection of any form of negotiation and a demand for unconditional surrender weisiger s treatment of a topic of central concern to scholars of major wars will also be read with great interest by military historians political psychologists and sociologists

Military Policy of the United States, 1775-1944 1944

this book examines the use of military force as a coercive tool by the united states using lessons drawn from the post cold war era 1991 2018 the volume reveals that despite its status as sole superpower during the post cold war period us efforts to coerce other states failed as often as they succeeded in the coming decades the united states will face states that are more capable and creative willing to challenge its interests and able to take advantage of missteps and vulnerabilities by using lessons derived from in depth case studies and statistical analysis of an original dataset of more than 100 coercive incidents in the post cold war era this book generates insight into how the us military can be used to achieve policy goals specifically it provides guidance about the ways in which and the conditions under which the us armed forces can work in concert with economic and diplomatic elements of us power to create effective coercive strategies this book will be of interest to students of us national security us foreign policy strategic studies and international relations in general

A Student's Writing Guide 2009-05-07

is peace an aberration the new york times bestselling author of paris 1919 offers a provocative view of war as an essential component of humanity named one of the ten best books of the year by the new york times book review margaret macmillan has produced another seminal work she is right that we must more than ever think about war and she has shown us how in this brilliant elegantly written book h r mcmaster author of dereliction of duty and battlegrounds the fight to defend the free world the instinct to fight may be innate in human nature but war organized violence comes with organized society war has shaped humanity s history its social and political institutions its values and ideas our very language our public spaces our private memories and some of our greatest cultural treasures reflect the glory and the misery of war war is an uncomfortable and challenging subject not least because it brings out both the vilest and the noblest aspects of humanity margaret macmillan looks at the ways in which war has influenced human society and how in turn changes in political organization technology or ideologies have affected how and why we fight war how conflict shaped us explores such much debated and controversial questions as when did war first start does human nature doom us to fight one another why has war been described as the most organized of all human activities why are warriors almost always men is war ever within our control drawing on lessons from wars throughout the past from classical history to the present day macmillan reveals the many faces of war the way it has determined our past our future our views of the world and our very conception of ourselves

American Neutrality Policy 1937

the oxford handbook of australian politics is a comprehensive collection that considers australia s distinctive politics both ancient and modern at all levels and across many themes it examines the factors that make australian politics unique and interesting while firmly placing these in the context of the nation s indigenous and imported heritage and global engagement the book presents an account of australian politics that recognizes and celebrates its inherent diversity by taking a thematic approach in six parts the first theme addresses australia s unique inheritances examining the development of its political culture in relation to the arrival of british colonists and their conflicts with first nations peoples as well as the resulting geopolitics the second theme improvization focuses on australia s political institutions and how they have evolved place making is then considered to assess how geography distance indigenous presence and migration shape australian politics recurrent dilemmas centres on a range of complex political problems and their influence on contemporary political practice politics policy and public administration covers how australia has been a world leader in some respects and a laggard in others when dealing with important policy challenges the final theme studying australian politics introduces some key areas in the study of australian politics and identifies the strengths and shortcomings of the discipline the oxford handbook of australian politics is an opportunity for others to consider the nation s unique politics from the perspective of leading and

emerging scholars and to gain a strong sense of its imperfections its enduring challenges and its strengths

Reports and Documents 1958

this innovative argument shows the consequences of increased aversion to international war for foreign and military policy

The Essence of Desperation 2018-01-05

in this path breaking book the author argues that european countries political economic policies practices and discourses have changed profoundly in response to globalization and europeanization but they have not converged although national policies may now be more similar especially where they follow from common european policies they are not the same national practices although moving in the same general direction toward greater market orientation continue to be differentiable into not just one or even two but three varieties of capitalism and national discourses that generate and legitimate changes in policies and practices not only remain distinct they matter the book is a tour de force which combines sophisticated theoretical insights and innovative methods to show that european countries generally but in particular britain france and germany for which the book provides lengthy case studies have had very different experiences of economic adjustment and will continue to do so into the future

A Digest of the Decisions of the Courts of Last Resort of the Several States 1891

one of the most contentious issues in contemporary foreign policy especially in the united states is the use of military force to intervene in the domestic affairs of other states some military interventions explicitly try to transform the domestic institutions of the states they target others do not instead attempting only to reverse foreign policies or resolve disputes without trying to reshape the internal landscape of the target state in leaders at war elizabeth n saunders provides a framework for understanding when and why great powers seek to transform foreign institutions and societies through military interventions she highlights a crucial but often overlooked factor in international relations the role of individual leaders saunders argues that leaders threat perceptions specifically whether they believe that threats ultimately originate from the internal characteristics of other states influence both the decision to intervene and the choice of intervention strategy these perceptions affect the degree to which leaders use intervention to remake the domestic institutions of target states using archival and historical sources saunders concentrates on u s military interventions during the cold war focusing on the presidencies of eisenhower kennedy and johnson after demonstrating the importance of leaders in this period she also explores the theory s applicability to other historical and contemporary settings including the post cold war period and the war in iraq

Lives of the Governors of the State of New York 1851

to explore what extended competition between the united states and china might entail out to 2050 the authors of this report identified and characterized china s grand strategy analyzed its component national strategies diplomacy economics science and technology and military affairs and assessed how successful china might be at implementing these over the next three decades

Munitions Industry 1934

most people try to avoid office politics at all costs seeing them as unpleasant unfair unethical and an unnecessary distraction from their real work if you don't do politics politics will do you will open your eyes to the fundamentals you didn't know you need to know the fundamentals no one ever teaches you including what office politics actually are and how being politically intelligent is the single biggest determinant of your personal and professional success drawing on her own experiences as an executive together with insights from some of the leading business thinkers of our time in this personal practical and frank book niven postma will show you it is possible to play politics without sacrificing your principles and teach you how to use politics to advance your career benefit your team and build the organisation you are part of niven postma will help you to understand why workplace politics are inevitable and how you can navigate office politics in order to be both useful and successful liz wiseman new york times bestselling author of multipliers and rookie smarts

Logics of War 2013-03-19

Military Coercion and US Foreign Policy 2020-04-23

War: How Conflict Shaped Us 2020-10-06

Fiscal year 1978 authorization for military procurement, research and development, and active duty, selected reserve, and civilian personnel strengths 1977

The Oxford Handbook of Australian Politics 2021-10-20

Report 1868

The Stupidity of War 2021-03-04

The Futures of European Capitalism 2002-08-15

Leaders at War 2011-05-27

House Documents 1872

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China's Grand Strategy 2020-07-27

An anthology of Ham Sok Hon 2001

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